# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of HOVS LLC

#### Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **HOVS LLC** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2022, its net result, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### Material uncertainty related to Going Concern:

Without qualifying, we draw attention to note 14 regarding the standalone financial statements of the Company having been prepared on a Going Concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has accumulated losses of Rs. 1,142,463 thousands as at March 31, 2022 and also net-worth has been fully eroded. As explained by the management that the losses are mainly due to fall in value of its quoted investments which is temporary in nature. These investments are long term and strategic in nature. Therefore, the management has prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### **Emphasis of Matter:**

We draw your attention to note no 10(c) of the standalone financial statements with regards to Management's assessment of, inter-alia, realisability of quoted financial investments of Rs. 180,928 thousands due to resurge in COVID 19 pandemic outbreak. The management apart from considering the internal and external information upto the date of approval of these standalone financial statements. The impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the

date of approval of these standalone financial statements. Considering the continuing uncertainties, the management will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of this matter

# Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that individually or in aggregate makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work and (ii) to evaluate the effect of and identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matters:

The audit report has been prepared for the purpose of enabling Ultimate Holding Company's financial reporting requirement under the Act/to be submitted before Reserve Bank of India with Annual Performance Report (APR) and should not be used for purposes other than that which it is meant for.

For Bagaria and Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 113447W/W-100019

Mumbai May 25, 2022 Vinay Somani Partner Membership No. 143503 UDIN: 22143503AMIOJS4017

# Balance Sheet As At March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As At	As At
raiticulais	No	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Financial assets			
Investments in Subsidiaries	2	-	-
Other investments	2	180,928	918,896
Total non-current assets		180,928	918,896
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	3	974	944
Total current assets		974	944
Total assets		181,902	919,840
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	4	1,116,168	1,082,268
Other equity		(1,142,463)	(401,193)
Total equity		(26,295)	681,075
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	5	-	36,890
Total non-current liabilities			36,890
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	6	208,197	201,875
Total current liabilities		208,197	201,875
Total equity and liabilities		181,902	919,840
Significant accounting policies	1		
The accompanying 2-16 notes are an integr	ral part of the standa	alone financial statemer	nts

As per our report of even date

For Bagaria and Co. LLP

FRN - 113447W

**Chartered Accountants** 

For HOVS LLC

Vinay SomaniJim ReynoldsPartnerManager

M. No. 143503

Place : Mumbai Date : May 25, 2022 Place : USA

Date: May 25, 2022

# Statement of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	For The Year Ended	For The Year Ended
raticulais	No	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations		-	-
Other income	7	-	5,796
Total Income	•	-	5,796
Expenses			
Other expenses		-	-
Finance cost		-	-
Total Expenses	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	-	-
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items	•	-	5,796
Exceptional item		-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax for the year	•	-	5,796
Tax expense	8		
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	<del>-</del>
Profit/(loss) after tax for the year		-	5,796
Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments		(766,751)	659,666
Tax impact on above		38,047	(36,890)
Total other comprehensive income		(728,704)	622,776
Total comprehensive income for the year	······	(728,704)	628,572
Earnings per share	12		
Before Exceptional		-	5.80
After Exceptional		-	5.80
Significant accounting policies	1		
The accompanying 2-16 notes are an integral part of the	e standalo	ne financial statements	

As per our report of even date

For Bagaria and Co. LLP

FRN - 113447W

Chartered Accountants

For HOVS LLC

Vinay SomaniJim ReynoldsPartnerManager

M. No. 143503

Place : Mumbai Place : USA

Date: May 25, 2022 Date: May 25, 2022

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

#### **EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL:**

Particular	Balance as at March 31st, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31st, 2021	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31st, 2022
Common stock	75	(1)	74	2	76
Additional paid in capital	1,109,891	(27,697)	1,082,194	33,898	1,116,092
Equity Share Capital	1,109,966	(27,698)	1,082,268	33,900	1,116,168

#### **OTHER EQUITY:**

Particulars	Reserve & S	Surplus	Other Comprehensive	Total
	Retained earnings	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve - arising on translation of foreign operations	Income for the year- Equity Instruments	
Balances as at April 1, 2020	(564,637)	(4,050)	(487,376)	(1,056,063)
Profit/(Loss) for the year before OCI	5,796	-	-	5,796
Addition/(deletion) for the year		14,136	12,162	26,298
Other Comprehensive Income for the year		-	622,776	622,776
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(558,841)	10,086	147,562	(401,193)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(558,841)	10,086	147,562	(401,193)
Profit/(Loss) for the year before OCI	-	-	-	-
Addition/(deletion) for the year	-	(17,188)	4,622	(12,566)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	(728,704)	(728,704)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(558,841)	(7,102)	(576,520)	(1,142,463)

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying 2-16 notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

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As per our report of even date

For Bagaria and Co. LLP

FRN - 113447W

**Chartered Accountants** 

For HOVS LLC

Vinay Somani

Partner

M. No. 143503

Place : Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2022

Jim Reynolds

Manager

Place : USA

Date: May 25, 2022

# Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For The Year Ended	For The Year Ended
raiticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
A Cash flow from Operating Activities:		
Net profit/(loss) before tax & before exceptional items	-	5,796
Add: Adjustments for :		
Provisions no longer required written back	-	(5,796
Finance cost	-	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	-	-
Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
Increase/(decrease) in trade receivable	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payable	<u>-</u>	-
Cash generated from operations	-	<b>-</b>
Taxes paid (net of refund)	-	-
Net cash used in operating activities - A	-	-
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Payment towards acquisition of Invetsments	-	-
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities - B	-	-
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Advances taken from related party	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities - C	-	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	-	-
Opening cash and cash equivalents	944	968
Unrealised foreign exchange gain/loss	30	(24)
Closing cash and cash equivalents	974	944
Significant accounting policies note no	1	
The accompanying 2-16 notes are an integral part of the standald	one financial statements	

As per our report of even date

For Bagaria and Co. LLP

FRN - 113447W

**Chartered Accountants** 

For HOVS LLC

Vinay Somani

Partner

M. No. 143503

Place : Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2022

Jim Reynolds

Manager

Place : USA

Date: May 25, 2022

#### **Overview of the Company:**

HOVS LLC ("HOVS") was formed on March 1, 2011, in Delaware State of United States of America (USA) as HOV SPV LLC and on March 17, 2011 and the name was subsequently changed to HOVS LLC, Limited Liability Company. The Company is formed for the purpose of acquisitions of different companies, investment activity, Sale of Software licenses, and other allied services and businesses.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendments Rules 2016 prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

The financial statements are prepared and presented on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

#### 1.2 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements requires that the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The recognition, measurement, classification or disclosure of an item or information in the financial statements is made relying on these estimates.

The estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods. All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle of twelve months and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 1.3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT & INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Costs include freight, import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

#### **Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are held on the balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Intangible assets developed or acquired with finite useful life are amortized on straight line basis over the useful life.

#### Depreciation/amortisation:

Tangible Assets - Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided based on useful life and in the manner prescribed in part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or as per Management's estimate of useful life of the assets.

Intangible Assets – Other Software products are amortized over its period of license.

Intangible assets developed or acquired with finite useful life are amortized on straight line basis over the useful life or within 8 years or its useful life as assessed by management.

The Company reviews the useful lives and residual value at each reporting date.

#### 1.4 IMPAIRMENT OF NON FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

#### 1.5 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured reliably.

#### **Rendering of services:**

Revenue from sale of services are recognized when the services are rendered.

In respect of consultancy services the income is recognized as and when the invoices are raised and accepted or certified by the party.

#### Other Income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking into account the amounts invested and the rate of interest.

#### 1.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Financial assets - Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets other than trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial assets, other than equity instruments, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- (a) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### (a) Measured at amortised cost:

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost, if it is held under the hold to collect business model i.e. held with an objective of holding the assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

#### (b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI, if it is held under the hold to collect and sell business model i.e. held with an objective to collect contractual cash flows and selling such financial asset and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. It is subsequently measured at fair value with fair value movements recognised in the OCI, except for interest income which recognised using EIR method. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the OCI is reclassified from the equity to Statement of Profit and Loss.

# (c) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Investment in financial asset other than equity instrument, not measured at either amortised cost or FVOCI is measured at FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 1.7 Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are measured at FVTPL.

#### **Impairment**

The Company recognises a loss allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECL) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost and at FVOCI.

The Company's trade receivables or contract revenue receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall, being simplified approach for recognition of impairment loss allowance.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Company recognises 12—month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.

#### Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. For equity instruments and financial assets measured at FVTPL, there is no requirement for impairment testing.

#### **De-recognition**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers rights to receive cash flows from an asset, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

#### 1.8 Financial Liabilities

#### **Initial Recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss. The Company's financial liability includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at using EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 1.9 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 1.10 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

#### a) Initial Recognition

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year.

#### b) Measurement of Foreign Currency Items at the Balance Sheet Date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company are restated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of

the transaction. Exchange differences arising out of these transactions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 1.11 TAXES ON INCOME

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements. Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are not recognised where it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realised in the future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

#### 1.12 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may probably not require an outflow of resources or an obligation for which the future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty. When there is a possible or a present obligation where the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### 1.13 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash equivalents include cash and Cheque in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value where original maturity is three months or less.

#### 1.14 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method where by the profit before tax is adjusted for the effect of the transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past and future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated.

#### 1.15 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic EPS is arrived at based on net profit after tax available to equity shareholders to the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The diluted EPS is calculated on the same basis as basic EPS, after adjusting for the effects of potential dilutive equity shares unless impact is anti-dilutive.

#### 1.16 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

When an item of income or expense within profit or loss from ordinary activity is of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Company for the year, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed as exceptional items.

#### 1.17 RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards / amendments under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On 23rd March, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, as below:

- (a) Ind AS 16 Property, plant and equipment The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2022.
- (b) Ind AS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets The amendment specifies that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2022, although early adoption is permitted.
- (c) Ind AS 103 Business combinations The amendment adds a new exception in Ind AS 103 for liabilities and contingent liabilities.
- (d) Ind AS 109 Financial instruments The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10%' test in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. An entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf.

The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of these amendments.

# Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		As at March 31 2022	As at March 31 2021
		2022	202.
2 Investments non current			
Unquoted - Fully paid up			
In subsidiaries			
HOV Environment LLC			
No of Shares		6110	6110
% of Holding		61.1%	61.1%
Common stock (Face value o	f USD 90)	41,686	40,420
Less Provision for impairme	nt of investment	(41,686)	(40,420
Total investment in HOV En	vironment LLC	_	-
Other Investment (FVOCI)			
Trade - Quoted			
In Equity instruments			
Exela Technologies, Inc - US	A (Refer note 2.1 below)		
No of Shares of Common	Stock	5734490	5734490
% of Holding		1.10%	9.90%
Opening value of Investr	nent	918,896	265,864
Add/(Less): Fair value los	s recognised through OCI	(766,751)	-
Add/(Less): Sale/Fair valu	e loss recognised through OCI	-	659,666
Add/(Less): Foreign exch	ange variation	28,783	(6,634
Fair value of investment		180,928	918,896
Total		180,928	918,896
Aggregate market value of q	uoted investments	180,928	918,896
Aggregate amount of unquo	ted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of provis	on for diminution of quoted investments	41,686	40,420
1			
	shares, representing 1.1% stake having quoted fair v		
	9.9% stake having quoted fair value of Rs. 918,896 t	thousands as on March 31,	2021) of
Exela Technologies, Inc. (Listed			
	s a financial instrument designated as Fair Value thro		
	ot to be reclassified to profit and loss subsequently a	nd accordingly, the change	e in fair
<del></del>	rred tax in Other Comprehensive Income.		
	n April 18, 2022 Exela has offered to exchange, for ea		
	eive one share of Series B1 Cumulative Convertible P	erpetual Preferred Stock ('	"B1
Preferred Stock"), with liquida			
B1 Preferred stock will have th			
	ferred Stock on all matters submitted to a vote of the	e stockholders of the Exela	will
vote with the Common Stoc			
	B1 Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, divider		
rate of 6.00% per annum of	the \$25.00 liquidation amount per share, if authorize	ed by board of directors of	Exela

# Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	- The B1 Preferred Stock will rank senior to the Series B Preferre	d Stock upon liquidation and in the right to	receive.
	dividends.		
	- B1 Preferred Stock holder will have the option to convert some	e or all of the outstanding shares into share	es of
	Common Stock		
	- B1 Preferred Stock would be listed on NASDAQ Capital Market		
	The Company had tendered 5,712,120 Shares of Common stock	and received 285,606 No of B1 Preferred S	tock in
	exchange.		
3	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balance with banks in current accounts	974	044
		974	944
	Total	974	944
4	Equity Shara Canital	As at March 31	As at March 31
4	Equity Share Capital	2022	2021
	Issued, subscribed and paid up		
	Number of Equity Shares of USD \$ 1 each	1000	1000
	Equity Shares capital	76	74
	Additional Paid in Capital	1,116,092	1,082,194
	Total	1,116,168	1,082,268
	The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares:		
	HOV Services Limited		
		1000	1000
	No of Shares	1000	1000
	% of Holding	100%	100%
5	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		
	Opening Balance	36,890	-
	Addition/(deletions) during the year	(38,047)	36,890
	Changes due to foreign exchange variation	1,157	-
	Total	-	36,890
6	Other financial liabilities		
	Advance repayable to related Parties (refer note 15):		
	HGM Fund	104,235	101,070
	Rule 14 LLC	2,577	2,499
	HOV Holdings Limited	101,385	98,306
	Total	208,197	201,875
	Particular	For the year ended	For the year ended
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
7	Other income		
	Interest provision no longer payable written back		5,796
	Total	-	5,796

# Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Par	rticular					2021-22	2020-
Inc	come Taxes						
	expense recognised in the state	ement of	profit and l	oss:			
	rent tax		p. 0			-	-
	ferred Tax					-	-
Tot	tal tax expense					-	-
As	per USA tax requirement Compa	any has to	pay tax as	a group and hence	Considering the p	rior year	
	ses and losses in subsidiary the						
Am	nounts recognised in OCI					As at March 31, 2022	
	ferred tax liability						
	ening Balance					(36,890)	-
	anges in fair value of FVOCI equi		nents			38,047	(36,89
	anges due to foreign exchange v				<u>-</u>	(1,157)	
Net	t deferred tax liability recognise	ed in the l	balance she	eet		-	(36,89
9	Financial Instruments						
	The Company uses the following		ny tor dete	rmining and disclo	sing the fair value o	ot tinancial	
	instruments by valuation techr			to for identical ac-	ote or liabiliti		
	Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) p					dod fair value are	
	Level 2: Other techniques for vobservable, either directly or in		iputs wnicr	i ilave a significant	enection the recol	ueu iaii vaiue are	
			n+ hava a ci	gnificant offect on	the recorded fair w	alua that are not b	
	Level 3: Techniques which use on observable market data.	inputs tha	at nave a sig	gnificant effect on	the recorded fair va	alue that are not b	aseo
	on observable market data.						
	The carrying amounts and fair	values of	financial i	nstruments by cat	egory are as follow	rs:	
A	The carrying amounts and fair Financial assets	values of	financial i	nstruments by cat	egory are as follow	/s:	
Α		values of Note		nstruments by cat	egory are as follow Instruments		Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets					Total carrying amount (A+B)	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets	Note		nts carried at fair	Instruments	Total carrying	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets	Note	Instrume	nts carried at fair value	Instruments carried at amortised cost	Total carrying	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets	Note		nts carried at fair	Instruments carried at	Total carrying	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets	Note	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying	Total carrying	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets Particular	Note	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying	Total carrying	Total fair Val
Α	Financial assets Particular  As at March 31, 2021	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying	Total carrying	
Α	Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying	Total carrying amount (A+B)	918,88
Α	Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)	- 918,89
A	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021  Investment in subsidiaries  Other investments  Cash & cash equivalents  Total	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI Level 1 - 918,896	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896	- 918,89
A	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021  Investment in subsidiaries  Other investments  Cash & cash equivalents	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI Level 1 - 918,896	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896	- 918,89 94
A	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021  Investment in subsidiaries  Other investments  Cash & cash equivalents  Total  As at March 31, 2022	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value FVOCI Level 1 - 918,896	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840	918,85 94 919,84
A	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments	Note No	Instrume	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1  - 918,896 - 918,896	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896	918,88 94 919,84
A	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries	Note No 2 2 3	Instrume	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1  - 918,896 - 918,896	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)	918,89 94 919,84 - - 180,92
B	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents	Note No 2 2 3	Instrume	rts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)	918,89 94 919,84 - - 180,92
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total	Note No 2 2 3	At cost	rts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944	Total carrying amount (A+B)	918,89 94 919,84 - - 180,92
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944  944  974	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902	918,88 94 919,84 - 180,92 95 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 3	At cost	rts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944  944  974  Instruments	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	918,85 94 919,84 - 180,92 97 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	- 918,89 919,84 919,84 - 180,92 97 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	918,85 94 919,84 - 180,92 97 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1  918,896  - 918,896  - 180,928  - 180,928  nts carried at fair value  Total carrying	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	918,85 94 919,84 - 180,92 97 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	918,88 94 919,84 - 180,92 95 181,90
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities Particular	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying	918,88 94 919,84 - 180,95 181,90 Fair value
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities Particular  As at March 31, 2021	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944  974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying amount	- 918,85 94 919,84 - 180,95 181,90 Fair value
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Other financial liabilities Total	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944  974 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying amount	- 918,88 94 919,84 - 180,93 181,90 Fair value
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Other financial liabilities Total  As at March 31, 2022	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)	918,88 94 919,84 - 180,95 181,99 Fair value
	Financial assets  Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  As at March 31, 2022 Investment in subsidiaries Other investments Cash & cash equivalents Total  Financial liabilities Particular  As at March 31, 2021 Other financial liabilities Total	Note No 2 2 2 3	At cost	nts carried at fair value  FVOCI Level 1	Instruments carried at amortised cost Carrying amount  944 944 944  974 974  Instruments carried at amortized cost Carrying amount	Total carrying amount (A+B)  - 918,896 944 919,840  - 180,928 974 181,902  Total carrying amount	918,85 94 919,84 - 180,92 97 181,90

#### Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

#### 10 Risk Management

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's activity expose it to market risk, liquidity risk, commodity risk and credit risk. In order to minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Director and governed by overall direction of Board of Directors of the Company.

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

S.No	Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Α	Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Ageing analysis Credit ratings	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits.
В	Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of bank deposits and timely receipt.
С	Investment risk	Investment in Subsidiaries and Other Investments	Value of investment	Management of the Company keeps constant liaison and necessary information on timely basis.

#### A. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual credit period and limits are set accordingly.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of default occurring on asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information to decide on this such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations
- iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty.

The Company categorises financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets into High-quality assets, negligible credit risk; Quality assets, low credit risk; Standard assets, moderate credit risk; Substandard assets, relatively high credit risk; Low quality assets, very high credit risk; Doubtful assets, credit-impaired.

#### Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. The Company categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than one year past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

#### B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time, or at a reasonable price. The Company's liquidity, funding as well as settlement management processes policies and such related risk are overseen by management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

#### Maturity patterns of trade payables and other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31	As at March 31
rai ticulai s	2022	2021
Other financial liabiliti (Payable in 0-12 months)	208,197	201,875
Total	208,197	201,875

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company has not entered into any derivative financial instruments during the current year and preceeding year.

#### C. Covid risk

Due to re-surge in global outbreak of Covid -19, a pandemic which continues to spread across the country. In assessing, inter-alia, the recoverability of financial investments of Rs. 180,928 thousands (as at March 31, 2021 Rs. 918,896 thousands) apart from considering the internal and external information up to the date of approval of thesefinancial statement. The investment is a long term and strategic in nature and in the opinion of the management, the fall in value is temporary, and expects better future performance from the investee and therefore the management expects to recover the carrying amount of these investments. The impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. Considering the continuing uncertainties, the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

#### 11 Capital risk management

- A The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders maintain an optimal capital structure.
  - Company believes in conservative leverage policy. Its debt free company.

The company do not have any capex plan.

**B** The Company follows the policy as decided by Board of directors considering financial performance, available resources, other internal and external factors and upon recommendation from manager and guidance from the holding company for the declaration of dividend.

# HOVS LLC Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	Net profit/(loss) as per statement of	of profit and loss before	exceptional after tax	-	5,796							
	Exceptional Items			-	-							
	Net profit/(loss) as per statement of	of profit and loss after ex	ceptional after tax	-	5,796							
	Weighted average number of equit	ty shares		100	00 1000							
	Nominal value of equity shares (in	USD)		\$	1 \$ 1							
	Basic and diluted earning per equit	-	5.80									
	Basic and diluted earning per equit	y share after exceptiona		-	5.80							
13	Disclosure on related party transa	ctions										
	Names of related parties and desc											
	Name	in peron of relationship.	Relationship									
	HOV Services Limited-India		Holding Company									
	HOV Environment LLC-USA		Subsidiary									
	HOVS Holdings Limited-Hongkong		Subsidiary of Holding Company									
	HOV Environment Solutions Private	e Limited-India	Step down Subsidiary									
	Entities in which management has	ving significance influence	ce with whom transactions have be	een entered during	the year:							
	Source HOV LLC- USA											
	Rule 14, LLC- USA											
	HGM Fund				During the year, there are no transactions were carried out with the above related parties in the ordinary course of							
		actions were carried out	with the above related parties in th	ne ordinary course	of							
	During the year, there are no trans			ne ordinary course	of							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit	th the above related part	ies are given below:	ne ordinary course  As at Marc								
	During the year, there are no trans		ies are given below:		h As at March							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party	th the above related part  Nature of Bala	ies are given below:	As at Marc	h As at March							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party HOVS Holdings Limited	th the above related part  Nature of Balai  Trade Payable	ies are given below: nces	As at Marc <b>31, 202</b> 101,38	h As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party	th the above related part  Nature of Balai  Trade Payable  Advance Payab	ies are given below: nces	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23!	h As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC	th the above related part  Nature of Balai  Trade Payable  Advance Payab  Other Payable	ies are given below: nces	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57	h As at March 22 31, 2023 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party HOVS Holdings Limited HGM Fund	Nature of Balar Nature of Balar Trade Payable Advance Payab Other Payable Investments	ies are given below: nces	As at Marc 31, 202 101,389 104,239 2,577 41,686	2 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC  HOV Environment LLC	Nature of Balar Nature of Balar Trade Payable Advance Payab Other Payable Investments	ies are given below: nces	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57	2 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC  HOV Environment LLC  Notes:	Nature of Balar Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for im	ies are given below: nces le npairment of Investments	As at Marc 31, 202 101,385 104,235 2,57 41,686 41,686	2 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC  HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as	Nature of Balar Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for im	ies are given below:  nces  le  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38: 104,23: 2,57: 41,686 41,686	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC  HOV Environment LLC  Notes:	Nature of Balar Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for im identified by the manage	ies are given below:  nces  le  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the year	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38: 104,23: 2,57: 41,686 41,686	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420							
	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit  Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited  HGM Fund  Rule 14 LLC  HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as ib) No amounts in respect of relate any provision been made for doub	Nature of Balan Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for in identified by the manage and parties have been writ build debts/ receivable except	ies are given below:  nces  le  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the yea cept as disclosed above.	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57: 41,686 41,686	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420							
14	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited HGM Fund Rule 14 LLC HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as ib) No amounts in respect of relate any provision been made for doub.	Nature of Balan Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for in identified by the manage ad parties have been writ tful debts/ receivable exc	ies are given below:  nces  Ile  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the yea cept as disclosed above.  value of its quoted investments wh	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57: 41,686 41,686 ors. ar or has not made	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420							
14	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances with Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited HGM Fund Rule 14 LLC HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as in b) No amounts in respect of related any provision been made for double the Company has accumulated loss. These investments are long term a	Nature of Balan Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for in identified by the manage ad parties have been writ tful debts/ receivable exc	ies are given below:  nces  Ile  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the yea cept as disclosed above.  value of its quoted investments wh	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57: 41,686 41,686 ors. ar or has not made	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420							
14	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited HGM Fund Rule 14 LLC HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as ib) No amounts in respect of relate any provision been made for doub.	Nature of Balan Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for in identified by the manage ad parties have been writ tful debts/ receivable exc	ies are given below:  nces  Ile  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the yea cept as disclosed above.  value of its quoted investments wh	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57: 41,686 41,686 ors. ar or has not made	Sh As at March 22 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420							
14	During the year, there are no trans business. Outstanding balances wit Name of the Party  HOVS Holdings Limited HGM Fund Rule 14 LLC HOV Environment LLC  Notes:  a) Related party relationship is as ib) No amounts in respect of relate any provision been made for doub. The Company has accumulated los These investments are long term a on a going concern basis.	Nature of Balan  Trade Payable Advance Payable Other Payable Investments Provision for im identified by the manage ad parties have been writ tful debts/ receivable excess ses mainly due to fall in nd strategic in nature. Th	ies are given below:  nces  le  npairment of Investments  ment and relied upon by the audito ten off/ written back during the yea tept as disclosed above.  value of its quoted investments wherefore, management has prepared	As at Marc 31, 202 101,38! 104,23! 2,57: 41,686 41,686 ors. ar or has not made	Sh As at March 12 31, 2021 5 98,306 5 101,070 7 2,499 6 40,420 6 40,420 1 nature. atements							
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Signature to Notes 1 - 16

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Earnings per share (EPS)

For HOVS LLC

2021-22

2020-21

Place : USA
Date : May 25, 2022

Jim Reynolds
Manager